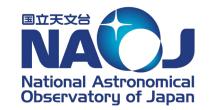
Development of Total Power GPU Spectrometer (TPGS) for ALMA Wideband Sensitivity Upgrade (WSU)

Jongsoo Kim, Jongsuk Hong, Won-Kee Park, Heesun Yoon (KASI)

<u>Takashi Nakamoto</u>, Makoto Shizugami, Susumu Nakayama, Isaac Goicovich, Camilo Saldias, Shinya Ikebe, Shun Ishii, Kanako Sugimoto (NAOJ)

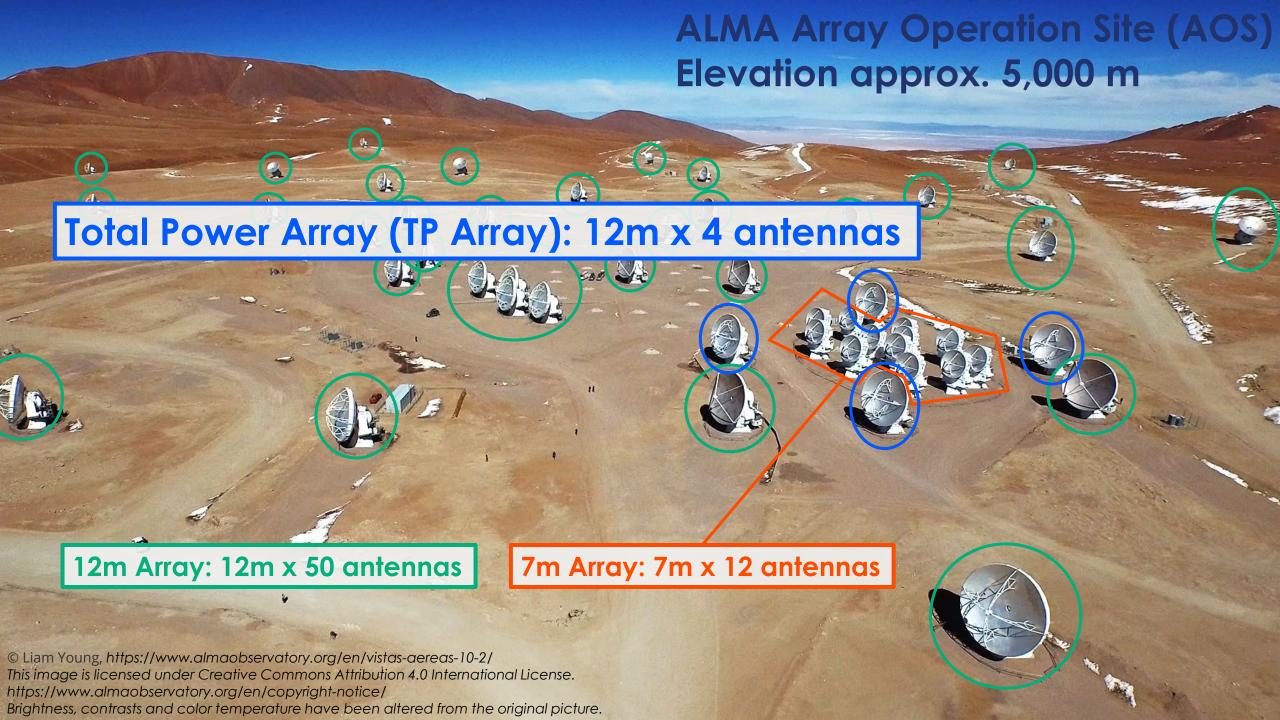


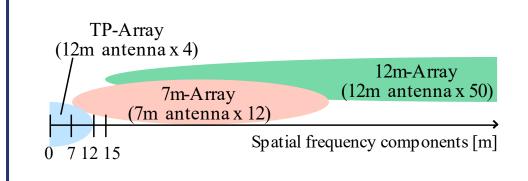








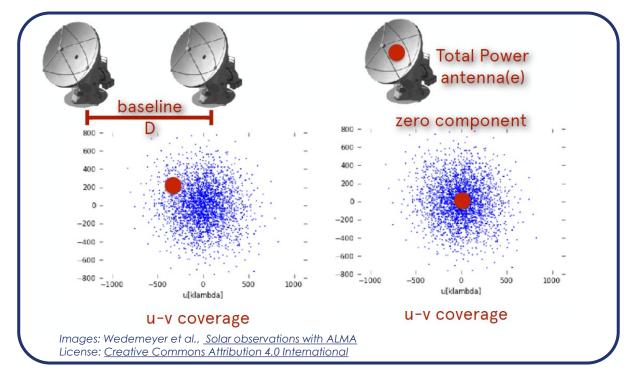


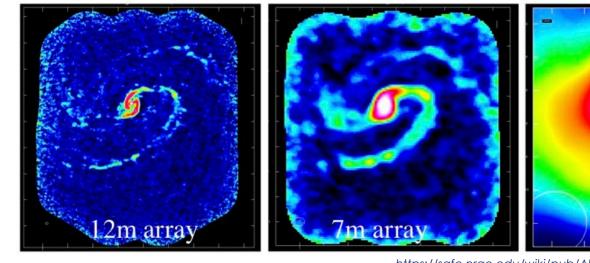


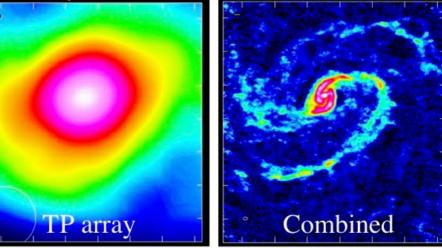
Reference:

Takeshi Kamazaki et al., <u>Digital Spectro-Correlator System for the Atacama Compact Array of</u> the Atacama Large Millimeter/Submillimeter Array,

Publications of the Astronomical Society of Japan, Volume 64, Issue 2, 25 April 2012, 29





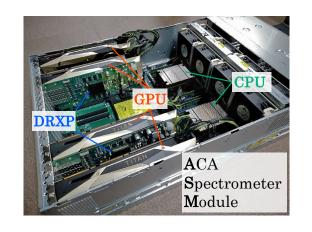






https://safe.nrao.edu/wiki/pub/ALMA/10Jan17Agenda/ACA_Total_Power_Spectrometer_V2.pdf https://www2.nao.ac.jp/~eaarc/DATARED/presentation_2020Jan/DataReductionTutorial2020_Image_combination_Miyamoto.pdf https://casaquides.nrao.edu/index.php/M100_Band3_Combine_4.3

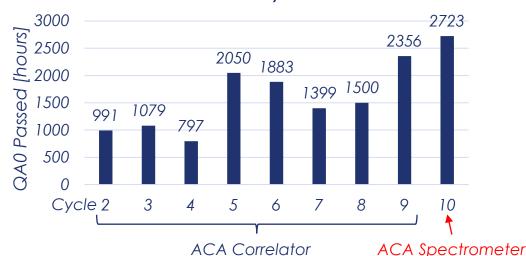
ACA Spectrometer Current Spectrometer for Total Power Array



NVIDIA TITAN V (16 GPUs in total)



TP Array



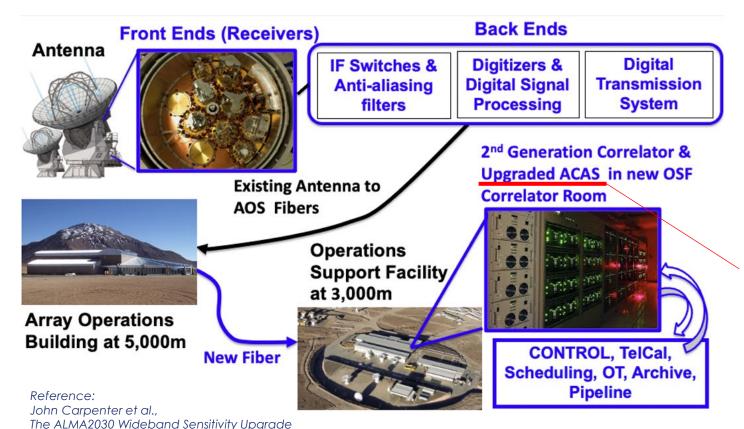
- Developed by KASI and NAOJ using GPU technologies.
 - Other ALMA Correlators were using ASIC and/or FPGA.
- Started science operation in October 2022 (Cycle 10).
 - One cycle = 1 year starting from Oct
- TP array achieved the highest observing time in the first cycle!

 https://www.almaobservatory.org/en/announcements/alma-achieved-record-number-ot-observing-hours-in-cycle-10/
- Received NAOJ DG Award!
 https://alma-telescope.jp/en/news/dgaward-202503.html
- Will be replaced by Total Power GPU Spectrometer (TPGS) in the Wideband Sensitivity Upgrade (WSU) era.



Wideband Sensitivity Upgrade (WSU)

Available instantaneous bandwidth: factor of 2 to 4 increase (8 GHz to 16 - 32 GHz)
Correlated bandwidth: factor of 4 to 68 increase at high spectral resolution (e.g. 0.1 km/s).
Observing speed: 2.2 – 4.7 times faster for spectral lines, 4.8 times faster for continuum (Band 6v2)



ALMA Memo 621 (https://library.nrao.edu/public/memos/alma/main/memo621.pdf)

New components or components that will be upgraded are in blue.

Many major components in ALMA will be replaced or upgraded.

TPGS will be installed in OSF, not AOS.



TPGS Key Requirements

Total Power GPU Spectrometer (TPGS) will meet the ALMA Scientific Specifications and Requirements Updated for the ALMA2030 Wideband Sensitivity Upgrade (WSU). Major requirements are shown below.

Process data from up to four antennas.

Allow observers to combine images from ATAC and TPGS.

(ATAC: Advanced Technology ALMA Correlator)

Shortest integration time of 96 ms at the frequency resolution of 13.5 kHz for a science bandwidth of **32 GHz per polarization** (x4 IF).

Shortest integration time of 16 ms at the coarsest resolution of 5.184 MHz.

700m mode to achieve the finest channel width of 0.844 kHz with less science bandwidth.

15000:1 spectral dynamic range.

0.995 or better digital efficiency.

Full polarization products.

Interferometric observations for system calibrations.



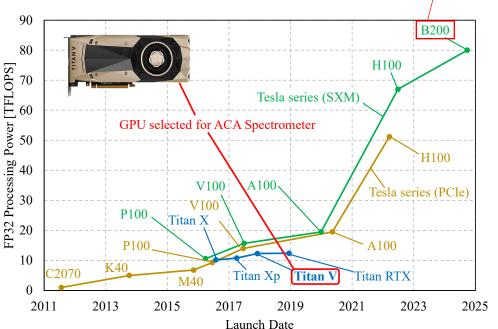


TPGS Key Technical Specifications and Technology Choices

ltems	ACA	TPGS
IICIII3	Spectrometer	11 03
Sampling rate and number of inputs per antenna	4 Gsps x 4 BB x 2 pol	40 Gsps x 2 SB x 2 pol
Number of bits per sample	3 bits	6 bits
Total input data rate	384 Gbps	3.84 Tbps
Maximum correlator bandwidth (CBW) per pol	8 GHz	32 GHz
Channel width at max CBW (full pol)	976 kHz	13.5 kHz
Finest channel width (full pol)	61.04 kHz	0.844 kHz

Fully utilize up-to-date GPU and 400 GbE technologies to achieve the high input data rate, the high bandwidth, and the fine channel resolutions.

TPGS will use Blackwell GPUs or beyond.





Project Team

- Joint team of researchers & engineers from Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute (KASI) and National Astronomical Observatory of Japan (NAOJ).
 - The same team as ACA Spectrometer development.
- Project management, engineering, software development and administration will be all conducted inhouse.
- The team passed Conceptual Design Review (CoDR) and Subsystem Requirements Review (SRR) in Nov 2024.
- The TPGS project was approved by ALMA Board last week! We are in Preliminary Design Phase now.





FFX Architecture and Design of Digital Signal Processing

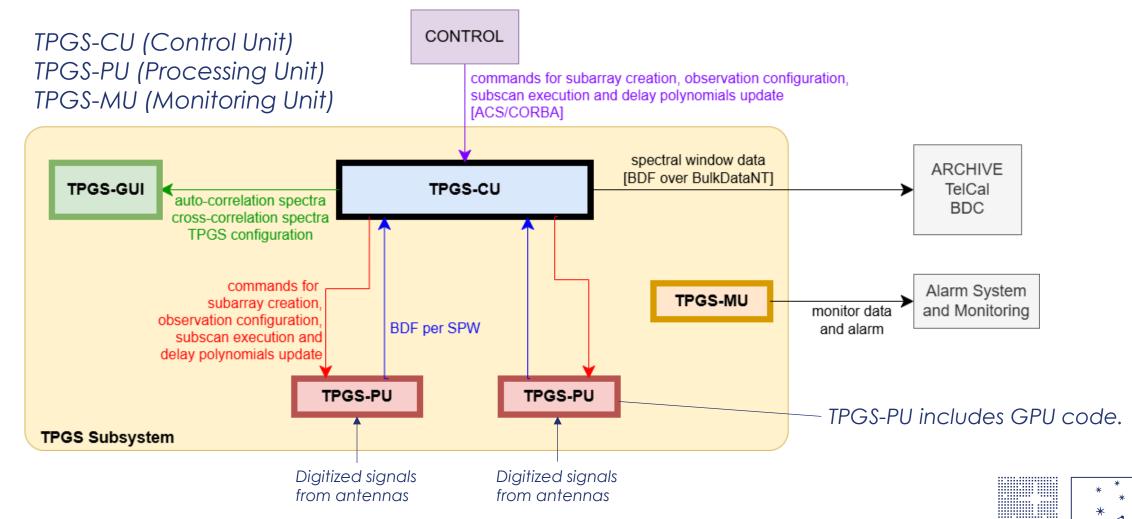
40 Gsps x 6 bit per antenna, per sideband, per polarization over four 400 GbE network Coarse Channelization by Over-Sampling Polyphase Filter Bank 106.666 Msps x 401 coarse channels Channel Selector 106.666 Msps x 321 coarse channels Resampler Resampler 110.592 Msps x 321 coarse channels Half-Band Filter Half-Band Filter 55.296 Msps x 321 coarse channels (usable bandwidth is 50 MHz for each ch.) Fine Channelization by Fine Channelization by Polyphase Filter Bank Polyphase Filter Bank (second F) (second F) 13.5 kHz x 4 k fine ch. x 321 coarse ch. Multiplication (X) Multiplication (X)

- Digital signal processing design similar to ATAC (FPGA-based).
 Our design has been and will be optimized for GPU implementation.
- TPGS will use 32-bit floating point calculation.
- Use of Polyphase Filter Bank to meet the channel response requirement.
 - FFT with a conventional window function cannot fulfill the requirement.

Note: Design is subject to change.



TPGS Software Architecture



Note: Design is subject to change.

Major Engineering Challenges

- Receive high volume of input data (240 Gbps x 2 sideband x 2 polarization x 4 antennas) over 400 GbE.
 - Prototyping of data receiver is on-going using DPDK.
- Real-time data processing using GPU.
 - Prototyping of GPU code is on-going.
- A lot of coordination with other subsystems, systems engineers, science operation and many other groups under a tight schedule. Not only TPGS, but many other ALMA subsystems will be upgraded in parallel for WSU.



Thank you for your attention.



